Meningococcal Disease Information and Vaccine Waiver

Colorado law, Section 23-5-128, C.R.S., requires all public or nonpublic postsecondary education institutions in Colorado to provide information about meningococcal disease to new students. 'New students' means any incoming freshman student residing in student housing, as defined by the institution, or any student the institution requires to complete and return a standard immunization record indicating the vaccines received by the student, as a requirement for residing in student housing. *If the student is under 18 years of age, the student's parent/guardian must be given this information.*

- Meningococcal disease is a serious disease caused by a bacteria.
- Meningococcal disease is a contagious, but largely preventable, infection of the spinal cord fluid and the fluid that surrounds the brain. Meningococcal disease can also cause blood infections.
- Even when treated, meningococcal disease kills 10 to 15 infected people out of 100. Of those who live, about 10 to 20 will suffer disabilities such as hearing loss, brain damage, kidney damage, amputations, nervous system problems and scarring from skin grafts.
- Anyone can get meningococcal disease, but it is most common in infants less than one year of age and in people
 with certain medical conditions. Scientific evidence suggests college/university students living in residence hall
 facilities are at a modestly increased risk of contracting meningococcal disease.
- Immunization against meningococcal disease decreases the risk of contracting the disease. Meningococcal vaccine (MenACWY) can prevent four types of meningococcal disease; these include two of the most common in the United States. MenACWY does not prevent all types of the disease, but it does help to protect many people who might become sick if they do not get the vaccine.
 - A vaccine, like any medicine, can cause side effects that can be as severe as allergic reactions. The risk of the meningococcal vaccine causing serious harm, or death, is extremely small. Getting a meningococcal vaccine is much safer than getting the disease.
 - More information can be obtained from the Vaccine Information Statement available at <u>https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/hcp/vis/vis-statements/mening.html</u>. Students and their parents should discuss benefits and risks of vaccination with their health care provider.

To receive the MenACWY vaccine against meningococcal disease, students should check with their health care provider or local public health agency (LPHA). A list of LPHAs in Colorado can be found at <u>https://www.colorado.gov/pacific/cdphe-lpha</u>. Your institution may also offer the vaccine through its student health services. In addition to the MenACWY vaccine, it is recommended that students receive the meningococcal B vaccine: <u>https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/hcp/vis/vis-statements/mening-serogroup.html</u>.

New students who have not received a MenACWY vaccine against meningococcal disease within the last 5 years or their parents/guardians (if under 18 years of age) must check the box and sign below to indicate they have reviewed this information and decided the student will not obtain a vaccine against meningococcal disease.

Meningococcal Vaccine (MenACWY) Waiver

Check to indicate you have reviewed the information on meningococcal disease and have decided the student will not obtain the MenACWY vaccine that protects against meningococcal disease.

Date:

Parent/guardian/student (emancipated or 18+ years of age)signature:

Print name of student:

Date of Birth:

Last Reviewed: August 2019